


Cartridge Heaters

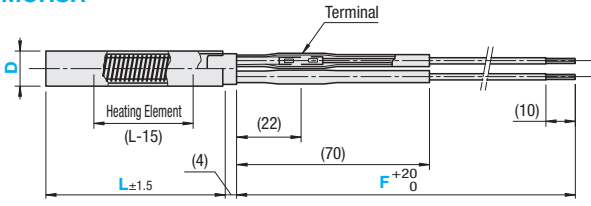
Configurable L, W and F

Be sure to refer to "Precautions for Use" in the Cartridge Heater Overview on P.1605.



RoHS10

MCHSR



⚠ For D6, 6.25, 8, 9.42, the position of the terminal (22) is (17) and (37) with shifting two terminals.
⚠ Maximum Operating Temperature: 600°C
⚠ Maximum Operating Temperature means value at the sheath part. Please pay attention to Lead Wire Heat Resistance Temperature and be sure to put the lead wire out of the mounting hole.

D Tolerance

D	Tolerance
6 8 10 12 14 16 18	-0.02 -0.08
6.25 9.42 12.6 15.77 18.95	+0.05 0

M Material
 Heater : SUS304 Equivalent
 Terminal : Copper
 Lead Wire : See Below
 Insulation Tube Heat Resistance Temperature : 180°C

Configurable L, W and F

Part Number Type	L 5mm Increments	V (Voltage) Selection	W (Electric Power) 10W Increment	F (Lead Wire)		Electrical Power Density (W/cm ²)	Unit Price												
				Lead Wire Type	10mm Increment		L50-100	L101-200	L201-300	L301-400	L401-500	L501-600							
MCHSR	6	50-250	100	50-500	G	100-1000	2 ≤ W/cm ² ≤ 15	⚠ W/cm ² = W / (D × (L - 15) × 100)	(Calculate with the electrical power density of heat-generating part, not with the overall length.)										
			110	50-500															
			200	60-600															
			220	80-600															
			100	50-500															
			110	50-500															
	6.25 (1/4 inch)	50-250	200	60-600															
			220	80-600															
			100	50-600															
			110	50-600															
			200	50-1200															
			220	70-1200															
	8	50-400	100	50-600															
			110	50-600															
			200	50-1200															
			220	70-1200															
			100	50-600															
			110	50-600															
	9.42 (3/8 inch)	50-400	200	50-1200															
			220	70-1200															
			100	50-800															
			110	50-800															
			200	50-1600															
			220	70-1600															
10	50-600	100	50-800																
		110	50-800																
		200	50-1600																
		220	70-1600																
		100	50-800																
		110	50-800																
12	50-600	200	50-1600																
		220	70-1600																
		100	50-800																
		110	50-800																
		200	50-1600																
		220	70-1600																
12.6 (1/2 inch)	50-600	100	50-800																
		110	50-800																
		200	50-1600																
		220	70-1600																
		100	50-800																
		110	50-800																
14	50-600	200	60-1600																
		220	80-1600																
		100	50-800																
		110	50-800																
		200	50-1600																
		220	70-1600																
15.77 (5/8 inch)	50-600	100	50-800																
		110	60-800																
		200	70-1600																
		220	90-1600																
		100	50-800																
		110	60-800																
16	50-600	200	60-1600																
		220	80-1600																
		100	50-800																
		110	60-800																
		200	100-1600																
		220	130-1600																
18	50-600	100	50-800																
		110	60-800																
		200	100-1600																
		220	130-1600																
		100	50-800																
		110	60-800																
18.95 (3/4 inch)	50-600	200	100-1600																
		220	130-1600																
		100	50-800																
		110	60-800																
		200	100-1600																
		220	130-1600																

The specified increment for the L dimension has been changed to a 5 mm increment.

Lead Wire Type

Symbol	Lead Wire Type	Heat Resistance Temperature	Features
G	Silicon Rubber + Tin Plated Annealed Copper Wire	180°C	For chemical and water resistant items
T	Teflon + Nickel Plated Annealed Copper Wire	260°C	For chemical, water and weather resistant items
*M	Mica Polyimide-Wound Silica + Nickel Coated Copper Wire	400°C	For heat resistant items

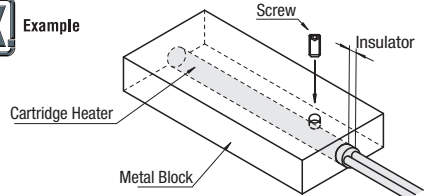


Ordering Example

Part Number - L - V - W - F Lead Wire
Lead Wire Type Length
MCHSR12.6 - 60 - V200 - W80 - T 500



Example



Precautions for Use

Do not let the heaters run idle in the atmosphere. If the heater is used with some or the whole of the heating element projected from the heated objects, the wire may break or ignite due to abnormal heating.